



Solutions in Sight™

Q2 FY21 Earnings Presentation
May 4, 2021

Forward Looking Statements / Non-GAAP Measures



Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this supplement contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward looking statements include statements concerning industry or market outlook; addressable market, market size; the potential benefits of consolidating operations and restructurings; customer demand; product volumes, synergies; expected future financial results and performance; and any statements using the terms "believe," "expect," "intend," "outlook," "future," "anticipate," "will," "could," "estimate," "guidance," or similar statements.

These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause Varex's actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. While forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by Varex and its management that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, whether actual results and developments will meet our expectations and predictions depend on a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors discussed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K, recently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, recently filed Current Reports on Form 8-K, on our website, and in our other public filings and press releases. These risks, uncertainties, and other factors include risks related to COVID-19; the continued impact of tariffs or a global trade war on our products and customer purchasing patterns; our ability to obtain the intended benefits and synergies of acquisitions and facility consolidations; global economic conditions; demand for and delays in delivery of products; litigation costs; the company's ability to develop, commercialize and deploy new products; the impact of reduced or limited demand by purchasers of certain X-ray products; the impact of competitive products and pricing; and the ability to remediate material weaknesses in internal control.

Any forward-looking statements made by us in this presentation speaks only as of the date on which it is made. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. The company assumes no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements in this presentation because of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Measures

Certain information provided in this supplement includes financial measurements that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These non-GAAP measures, such as non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating expense, non-GAAP operating margin, and non-GAAP net earnings per diluted share, should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP measures and may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used at other companies. For a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, please refer to Varex's 2QFY21 earnings release at www.vareximaging.com and the reconciliation contained at the end of this supplement.

Q2 FY21 Results



Revenue \$204M

Non-GAAP Gross Margin* 35% Non-GAAP EPS* \$0.35

Cash \$111M

- > Revenues exceeded pre-COVID levels
- > Future growth expected from:
 - China CT expansion
 - Additional elective procedure volumes
 - Expansion of Industrial activity
- Gross Margin increased sequentially
- Significant inventory reduction





^{*} Non-GAAP. For a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure please refer to the reconciliation at the end of this supplement.

Q2 FY21 Sequential Trends

СТ	0
Fluoroscopy	
Oncology	0
Dental	

Mammography	0
Radiography & Others	0
Industrial	0



Quarterly Highlight: X-Ray Tubes

CT Growth in China

- Initial roll-out for first few years of 16 slice CT systems
- ➤ Increased interest in 64 & 128 slice CT systems
- CT tubes for service replacement & new CT systems

Growth in Medical X-Ray Tubes

- Strong gains in mammography
- Other elective procedure modalities improved

Innovation in Nanotube Technology

Achieved key development milestones in Nanotube technology



Conventional vs Nanotube Emitter



Conventional Emitter

- Heated tungsten filament releases electrons
- Operating Temperature: 2400 C
- Filament needs power
- Low packing density for distributed source

Glass Vacuum Envelope

Limited switching speed

Rotating

Target

x-Rays

Cathode with

Thermionic

Filament

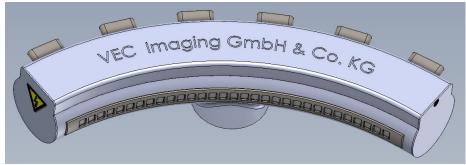
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Nanotube Emitter

- Electric field extracts electrons
- Operating Temperature: 25 C
- Nanotube emitter does not need power
- No inherent limit on packing density
- Very high switching speed

Nanotube multi-beam X-ray tube using cold cathode emitters



Source: Images provided by VEC Imaging, https://www.vecimaging.com/

Rotor

Nanotube Based Multi-Emitter X-Ray Sources

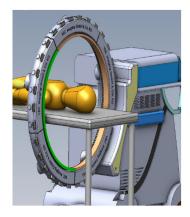


Next Generation "Static" Imaging Applications





Multi-Emitter "solid state" X-ray Source



Potential Benefits

Lower Total Cost of Ownership

- Reduces mechanical complexity and costs
- Lower maintenance costs

Imaging Performance

- Can eliminate motion artifacts
- Dual Energy imaging

Lower Dose When Used With

- Photon Counting detector
- Iterative reconstruction

Source: Images provided by VEC Imaging, https://www.vecimaging.com/

Status Of Nanotube Sources Development



Application Areas Targeted

- Full Body CT
- Head CT
- Breast Tomosynthesis
- C-arms / O-arms
- DR Tomosynthesis

Energy

Spectrum: 40kV to 180kV

Accelerated

Life Testing: 1 Billion Projections / Emitter

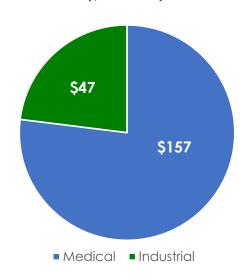
- ✓ Designs and Simulations
- ✓ Prototypes for Testing Emissions and Focal Spot Size and Stability
- Life Tests with Tubes

Q2 FY21 Revenue Details



Segment Mix

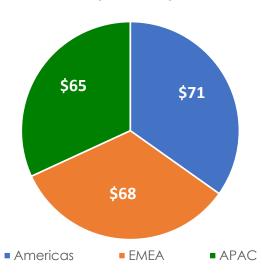
(\$ in millions)



Revenue, \$M	Q2 21	Q1 21	Q4 20	Q3 20	Q2 20
Medical	157	139	136	138	155
Industrial	47	38	34	34	42

Geographic Mix

(\$ in millions)



Revenue, \$M	Q2 21	Q1 21	Q4 20	Q3 20	Q2 20
Americas	71	62	64	59	63
EMEA	68	58	55	47	64
APAC	65	57	51	66	71





\$ in Millions, except per share data	Q2 FY21	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY20
Revenue	\$204	\$177	\$197
Gross Margin	32%	32%	29%
Operating Expenses	\$49 24%	\$51 29%	\$56 29%
Operating Income	\$16 8%	\$6 3%	\$1 1%
Net Earnings	\$3	\$(6)	\$(2)
EPS	\$0.08	\$(0.16)	\$(0.05)



Quarterly Results - Non-GAAP*



\$ in Millions, except per share data	Q2 FY21	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY20
Revenue	\$204	\$177	\$197
Gross Margin (Non-GAAP)	35%	34%	32%
Operating Expenses (Non-GAAP)	\$45 22%	\$46 26%	\$52 27%
Operating Income (Non-GAAP)	\$26 13%	\$14 8%	\$11 5%
Net Earnings (Non-GAAP)	\$14	\$3	\$5
EPS (Non-GAAP)	\$0.35	\$0.08	\$0.12



^{*}For a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure please refer to the reconciliation at the end of this supplement.





\$ in Millions	Q2 FY21	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY20
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$111	\$106	\$24
Accounts Receivable, net	\$129	\$121	\$127
Inventories	\$248	\$270	\$282
Total Assets	\$1,133	\$1,137	\$1,082
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$52	\$68	\$79
Long-Term Debt, net	\$461	\$460	\$383
Total Liabilities & Equity	\$1,133	\$1,137	\$1,082

Working Capital Performance	Q2 FY21	Q1 FY21	Q1 FY20
DSO (in days)	58	62	59
DOI	163	205	184
DPO	34	52	51







\$ in Millions	Q2 FY21	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY20
Debt			
Gross Debt (Ratings: Moody's B2 / S&P B)	\$512	\$514	\$388
Net Debt ¹	\$401	\$408	\$364
Adjusted EBITDA ²			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$33	\$22	\$19
Cash Performance			
Cash Flow from Operations	\$13	\$7	\$1
Capital Expenditures	\$3	\$4	\$6
Cash Interest	\$0	\$4	\$4
Cash Taxes	\$9	\$4	\$6
Net Change in Cash	\$6	\$5	\$(6)

¹Net Debt is defined as gross debt less cash and cash equivalents



²Adjusted EBITDA is defined as non-GAAP net earnings plus non-GAAP interest expense, non-GAAP taxes, non-GAAP depreciation, non-GAAP amortization and stock-based compensation

Outlook Q3 FY21

Guidance	Non-GAAP
Revenues, \$M	\$195 - \$215
EPS Per Diluted Share	\$0.15 - \$0.35

Assumptions	Non-GAAP
Gross Margin	33% - 35%
Operating Expenses, \$M	\$44 - \$45







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Q & A





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Non-GAAP Reconciliation





	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
(In millions, except per share amounts)	Арі	ril 2, 2021	Ap	ril 3, 2020	Ар	ril 2, 2021	Apı	il 3, 2020
GROSS PROFIT RECONCILIATION								
Revenues	\$	203.5	\$	197.0	\$	380.6	\$	397.1
Gross profit	\$	64.6	\$	57.6	\$	121.8	\$	118.7
Amortization of intangible assets		2.2		2.3		4.4		4.8
Restructuring charges		0.1		0.9		0.2		1.2
Other non-operational costs		3.5		2.1		3.5		4.0
Purchase price accounting								
adjustments								0.3
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	70.4	\$	62.9	\$	129.9	\$	129.0
Gross margin %		31.7 %	,	29.2 %	,	32.0 %		29.9 %
Non-GAAP gross margin %		34.6 %	, >	31.9 %	,)	34.1 %		32.5 %
OPERATING EXPENSE RECONCILIATION								
Operating expense	\$	48.8	\$	56.2	\$	99.9	\$	112.7
Amortization of intangible assets		2.1		2.0		4.1		4.1
Separation and related costs				_				2.5
Restructuring charges		0.2		0.8		0.4		1.3
Acquisition and integration related								
costs		0.3		1.0		1.2		1.6
Other non-operational costs		1.7		0.2		4.2		0.3
Non-GAAP operating expense	\$	44.5	\$	52.2	\$	90.0	\$	102.9





(In millions, except per share amounts)		Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
		il 2, 2021	April 3, 2020		April 2, 2021		April 3, 2020		
OPERATING INCOME RECONCILIATION									
Operating income	\$	15.8	\$	1.4	\$	21.9	\$	6.0	
Amortization of intangible assets (includes amortization impacts to cost of revenues) Purchase price accounting adjustments (includes purchase price accounting impacts to cost of		4.3		4.3		8.5		8.9	
revenues)		_		_		_		0.3	
Separation and related costs		_		_		_		2.5	
Restructuring charges (includes restructuring impact to cost of revenues) Acquisition and integration related		0.3		1.7		0.6		2.5	
costs		0.3		1.0		1.2		1.6	
Other non-operational costs (includes other non-operational impacts to		5.0		0.2		7.7		4.2	
cost of revenues)	Φ	5.2	·	2.3	<u> </u>	7.7	Φ	4.3	
Total operating income adjustments	\$	10.1	\$	9.3	\$	18.0	\$	20.1	
Non-GAAP operating income	<u> </u>	25.9	\$	10.7	\$	39.9	\$	26.1	
Operating income margin		7.8 %		0.7 %		5.8 %		1.5 %	
Non-GAAP operating income margin		12.7 %)	5.4 %		10.5 %		6.6 %	





Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
Apr	il 2, 2021	Ap	ril 3, 2020	Ap	oril 2, 2021	Ap	ril 3, 2020
\$	3.2	\$	(1.1)	\$	(1.5)	\$	(2.3)
	10.1		9.3		18.0		20.1
	1.9		_		3.8		_
			(2.7)				(2.0)
\$	12.0	\$	6.6	\$	21.8	\$	18.1
\$	15.2	\$	5.5	\$	20.3	\$	15.8
\$	3.1	\$	(1.9)	\$	(3.3)	\$	(3.2)
\$	12.0	\$	6.6	\$	21.8	\$	18.1
	8.3 %	ó	3.4 %	,	5.0 %		12.7 %
\$	(1.0)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(1.1)	\$	(2.3)
\$	14.1	\$	4.5	\$	17.4	\$	12.6
\$	0.08	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.08)
\$	0.35	\$	0.12	\$	0.44	\$	0.32
•	39.2	•	38.6	-	39.2	•	38.5
	40.0		39.1		39.5		39.1
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 3.2 10.1 1.9 — \$ 12.0 \$ 15.2 \$ 3.1 \$ 12.0 \$ 3.1 \$ 12.0 \$ 3.1 \$ 0.08 \$ 3.3 \$ (1.0) \$ 14.1 \$ 0.08	\$ 3.2 \$ 10.1 \$ 1.9 \$ 12.0 \$ \$ 15.2 \$ \$ \$ 14.1 \$ \$ 0.08 \$ \$ 39.2	April 2, 2021 April 3, 2020 \$ 3.2 \$ (1.1) 10.1 9.3 1.9 — (2.7) \$ 6.6 \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ 15.2 \$ 5.5 \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 8.3 % 3.4 % \$ (1.0) \$ (0.2) \$ 14.1 \$ 4.5 \$ 0.08 \$ (0.05) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.12 39.2 38.6	April 2, 2021 April 3, 2020 April 3, 2020 \$ 3.2 \$ (1.1) \$ (1.1) 10.1 9.3 1.9 — (2.7) \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ (2.7) \$ 15.2 \$ 5.5 \$ (1.9) \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ (1.9) \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ (0.2) \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ (0.2) \$ 14.1 \$ 4.5 \$ (0.05) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.12 \$ (0.05) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.12 \$ (0.2) \$ 39.2 38.6	April 2, 2021 April 3, 2020 April 2, 2021 \$ 3.2 \$ (1.1) \$ (1.5) 10.1 9.3 18.0 1.9 — 3.8 — (2.7) — \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ 21.8 \$ 15.2 \$ 5.5 \$ 20.3 \$ 12.0 \$ 6.6 \$ 21.8 8.3 % 3.4 % 5.0 % \$ (1.0) \$ (0.2) \$ (1.1) \$ 14.1 \$ 4.5 \$ 17.4 \$ 0.08 \$ (0.05) \$ (0.09) \$ 0.35 \$ 0.12 \$ 0.44 39.2 38.6 39.2	April 2, 2021 April 3, 2020 April 2, 2021 April 2, 2021<





	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended				
(In millions, except per share amounts)	April 2, 2021	April 3, 2020	April 2, 2021	April 3, 2020			
ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION							
Net income (loss) attributable to Varex	\$ 3.1	\$ (1.9)	\$ (3.3)	\$ (3.2)			
Interest expense	10.4	4.6	20.7	10.0			
Income tax expense	_	0.7	1.6	0.7			
Depreciation	5.3	6.2	10.5	11.4			
Amortization	4.3	4.3	8.5	8.9			
Stock based compensation	3.6	3.3	7.2	6.5			
Purchase price accounting adjustments	_	_	_	0.3			
Separation and related costs	_	_	_	2.5			
Restructuring charges Acquisition and integration related	0.3	0.8	0.6	1.4			
costs	0.3	(1.7)	1.2	(0.4)			
Other non-operational costs	5.2	2.3	7.7	4.3			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 32.5	\$ 18.6	\$ 54.7	\$ 42.4			

Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures



This presentation includes non-GAAP financial measures derived from our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings. These measures are not presented in accordance with, nor are they a substitute for U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. These measures include: non-GAAP gross profit; non-GAAP operating expense; non-GAAP operating earnings; non-GAAP operating earnings; non-GAAP operating earnings; non-GAAP net earnings; non-GAAP net earnings; non-GAAP net earnings; non-GAAP financial measure used in this earnings release to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. We are unable to provide without unreasonable effort a reconciliation of non-GAAP guidance measures to the corresponding GAAP measures on a forward-looking basis due to the potential significant variability and limited visibility of the excluded items discussed.

We utilize a number of different financial measures, both GAAP and non-GAAP, in analyzing and assessing the overall performance of our business, in making operating decisions, and forecasting and planning for future periods. We consider the use of the non-GAAP measures to be helpful in assessing the performance of the ongoing operation of our business by excluding unusual and one-time costs. We believe that disclosing non-GAAP financial measures provides useful supplemental data that allows for greater transparency in the review of our financial and operational performance. We also believe that disclosing non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results and future prospects in the same manner as management and in comparing financial results across accounting periods and to those of peer companies.

Non-GAAP measures include the following items:

Amortization of intangible assets: We do not acquire businesses and assets on a predictable cycle. The amount of purchase price allocated to intangible assets and the term of amortization can vary significantly and are unique to each acquisition or purchase. We believe that excluding amortization of intangible assets allows the users of our financial statements to better review and understand the historic and current results of our operations, and also facilitates comparisons to peer companies.

Purchase price accounting charges to cost of revenues: We may incur charges to cost of revenues as a result of acquisitions. We believe that excluding these charges allows the users of our financial statements to better understand the historic and current cost of our products, our gross margin, and also facilitates comparisons to peer companies.

Separation and related costs: We separated from Varian Medical Systems on January 28, 2017 and incurred non-operational expenses associated with the separation. We believe that excluding separation costs allows the users of our financial statements to better understand the historic and current results of our operations, and also facilitates comparisons to peer companies.

Restructuring charges: We incur restructuring charges that result from events, which arise from unforeseen circumstances and/or often occur outside of the ordinary course of our on-going business. Although these events are reflected in our GAAP financials, these unique transactions may limit the comparability of our on-going operations with prior and future periods.

Acquisition and integration related costs: We incur expenses or benefits with respect to certain items associated with our acquisitions, such as transaction costs, changes in fair value of acquisition related hedges, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities, gain or expense on settlement of pre-existing relationships, etc. We exclude such expenses or benefits as they are related to acquisitions and have no direct correlation to the operation of our on-going business. We also incur expenses or benefits with respect to certain items associated with our acquisitions, such as integration costs relating to acquisitions for any costs incurred prior to closing and up to 12 months after the closing date of the acquisition.

Impairment charges: We may incur impairment charges that result from events, which arise from unforeseen circumstances and/or often occur outside of the ordinary course of our on-going business and such charges may limit the comparability of our on-going operations with prior and future periods.

Other non-operational costs: Certain items may be non-recurring, unusual, infrequent and directly related to an event that is distinct and non-reflective of the Company's ongoing business operations. These may include such items as non-ordinary course litigation, legal settlements, inventory write-downs for discontinued products, cost of facilities no longer in use, extinguishment of debt and hedge costs, environmental settlements, governmental settlements including tax settlements, and other items of similar nature.

Convertible notes non-cash interest expense: We issued convertible notes in June 2020 at a discount related to the conversion feature of the notes and capitalized certain costs related to the issuance of these notes. The discount and capitalized issuance costs are amortized into interest expense over the term of the convertible notes. The amortization recognized for the convertible notes will be greater than the cash interest payments for the notes. We believe that excluding the convertible notes non-cash interest expense allows the users of our financial statements to better understand the historic and current results of our operations. This also facilitates comparisons to peer companies.

Non-operational tax adjustments: Certain tax items may be non-recurring, unusual, infrequent and directly related to an event that is distinct and non-reflective of the Company's normal business operations. These may include such items as the retroactive impact of significant changes in tax laws, including changes to statutory tax rates and one-time tax charges.

Tax effects of operating earnings adjustments: We apply our non-GAAP adjustments to the GAAP pretax income to calculate the non-GAAP effective tax rate. This application of our non-GAAP effective tax rate excludes any discrete items, as defined in the guidance for accounting for income taxes in interim periods, or any other non-operational tax adjustments.

